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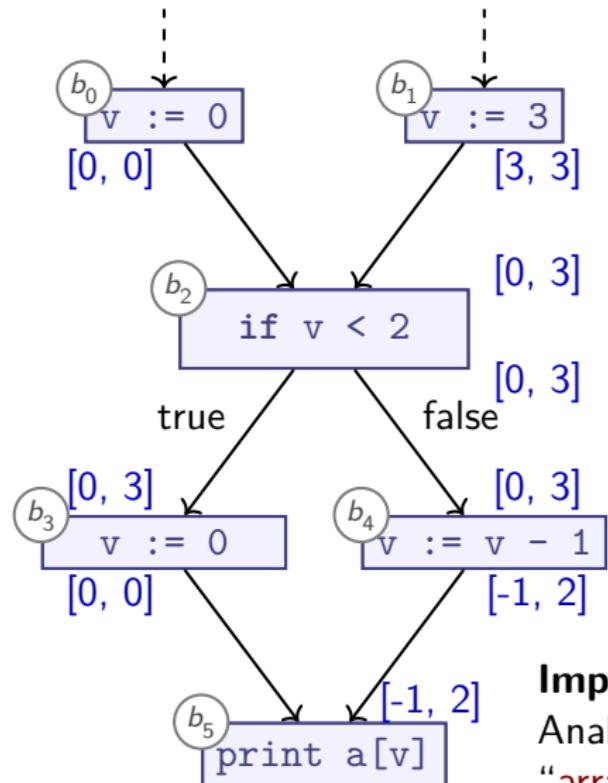
EDAP15: Program Analysis

DATAFLOW: CONTROL SENSITIVITY

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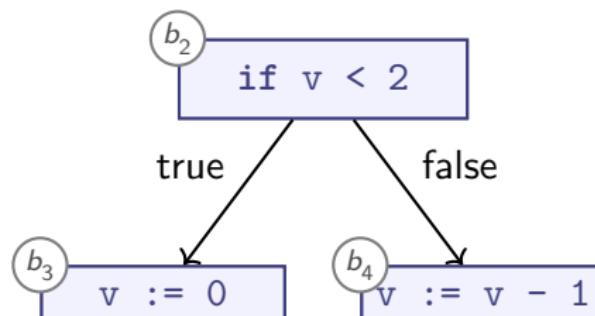
Conditionals



Imprecision can yield false positive
Analysis concludes:
“array index may be negative”

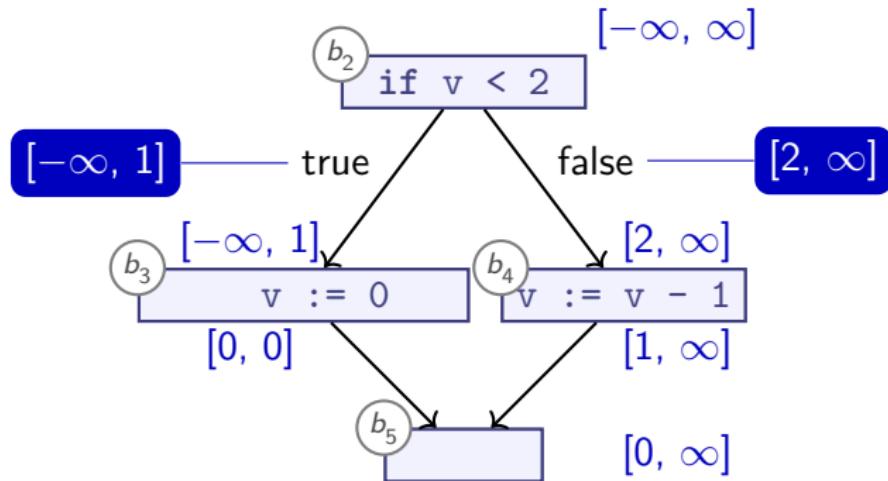
Handling Conditionals (1/2)

- ▶ So far: Did not make use of conditional predicate
 - ▶ true branch: only if $v < 2$
 $v \in [-\infty, 1]$
 - ▶ false branch: only if $\neg(v < 2)$
 $v \in [2, \infty]$



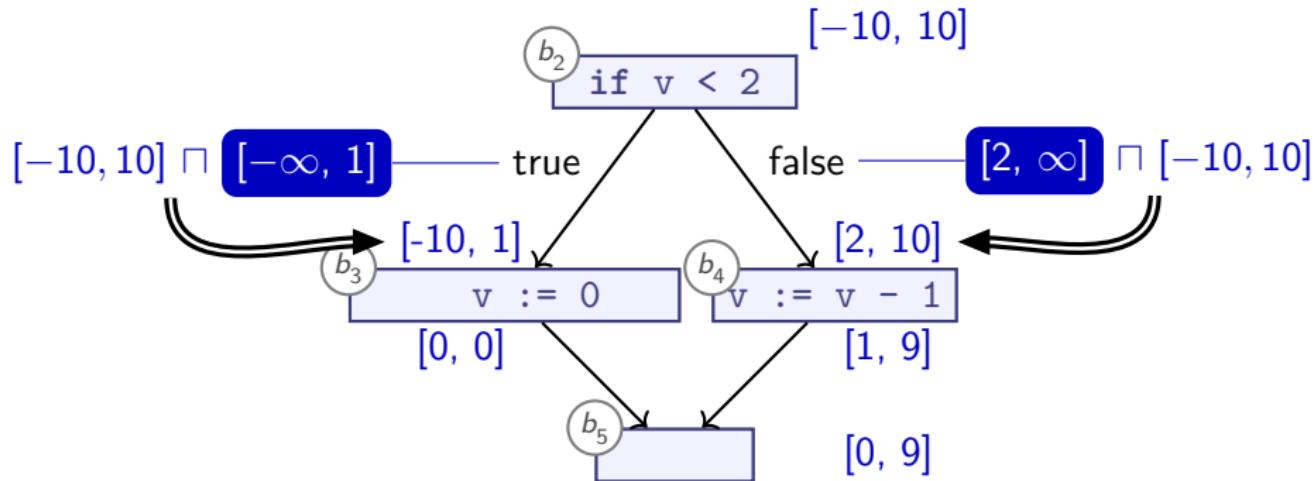
- ▶ **Control Sensitive** analysis utilises this information
 - ▶ Filter possible values

Handling Conditionals (2/2)



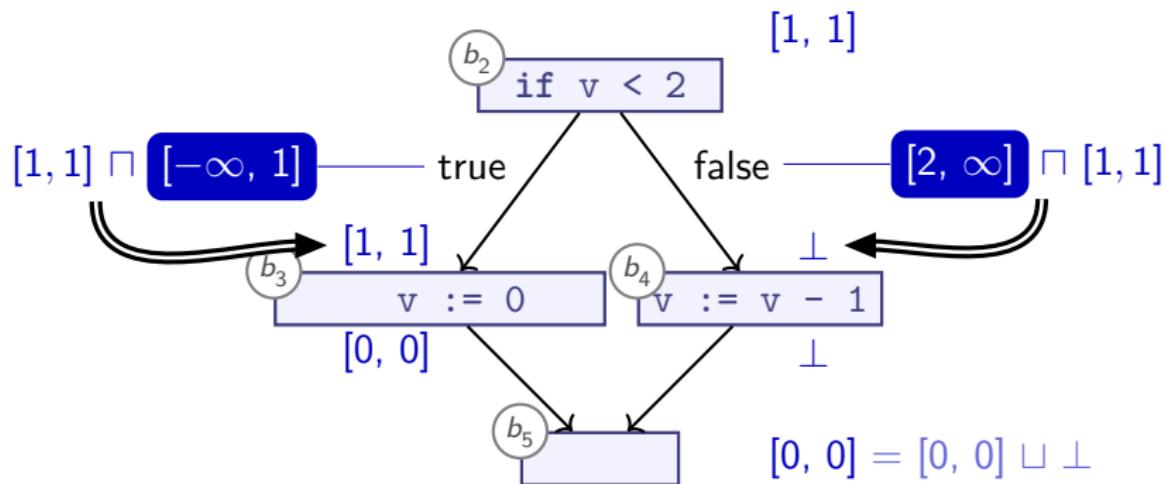
- ▶ Idea: Split interval for v for true/false branches
 - ▶ Analyse each branch with part of original interval
 - ▶ “Re-assemble” interval on join afterwards

Handling Conditionals (2/2)



- ▶ Idea: Split interval for v for true/false branches
 - ▶ Analyse each branch with part of original interval
 - ▶ “Re-assemble” interval on join afterwards
- ▶ If not $v \mapsto \top$:
 - ▶ **Filter** with lattice meet: \sqcap

Contradictions



Summary

- ▶ **Control sensitive** analysis considers conditionals:
 - ▶ May propagate different information along different edges:
 - ▶ **if** P :
 - ▶ Special transfer function for '**assert** P ' on 'true' edge
 - ▶ Special transfer function for '**assert not** P ' on 'false' edge
 - ▶ More precise than **control insensitive** analysis
 - ▶ Utilises *Lattice Meet* operation \sqcap
Intuition: $a \sqcap b$ “satisfy **a and b**”
 $a \sqcup b$ “satisfy **a or b**”
 - ▶ $a \sqcap b = \perp$ can happen: *branch will never execute*