## Exam – Computer Graphics 16 december 2006, 8-13

Electronic calculator allowed

- 1 Let T=R\*S where R is the matrix representation for a rotation of the angle *alpha* around the positive x-axis och S is a scaling with factors (2,3,1).
  - (a) Give the matrix representation for T. (0.6)
  - (b) Give the matrix representation for its inverse,  $T^{1}(0.4)$
- 2 (a) What is *backface culling*? (0.2)
  - (b) Describe how it is implemented? (0.4)
  - (c) What is the relationship between the normal, the tangent and the binormal of a surface? (0.4)
- 3 (a) Explain how bilinear interpolation is done. (0.6)
  (b) In Catmull-Rom-interpolation the tangents at the control points are computed automatically. Explain how. (0.4)
- 4 (a) What is a mip-map and which problem does it solve? (0.5)
  - (b) What is ray-tracing and how does it work? (0.5)
- 5. (a) What is drawn on the screen after a call to the function draw() below? (0.8)

```
def draw():
   glColor(1, 0, 0)
   glPushMatrix()
   glScale(1, 2, 1)
   glTranslate(2, -2, 0)
   drawSquare()
   glColor(0, 1, 0)
   glTranslate(2, 3, 0)
   glPushMatrix()
   glRotate(180, 0,0,-1)
   glPushMatrix()
   glRotate(90, 0,0,1)
glTranslate(-2, -1, 0)
   glPopMatrix()
   glPushMatrix()
   glScale(2, 2, 1)
   drawSquare()
   glColor(0, 0, 1)
   glPopMatrix()
   glPushMatrix()
   glRotate(180, 0,0,1)
   glTranslate(-1, 0, 0)
   drawSquare()
```

```
def drawSquare():
    glBegin(GL_QUADS)
    glVertex(0,0,0)
    glVertex(0,1,0)
    glVertex(1,1,0)
    glVertex(1,0,0)
    glEnd()
```

(b) What is GLUT? (0.2)

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A triangle with vertices  $P_0$ ,  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  is lit by a directional lightsource with emittance L and radiating in the direction of  $V_L$  and the viewer is place in the point  $P_V$ . The ambient light is negligible and and the material properties of the surface are given below.

Material constants	Vertices	Directional light	Viewer
$k_a = (0.1, 0.1, 0.1)$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$	L = (1.0, 1.0, 1.0)	
$k_d = (0.3, 0.3, 0.8)$	$P_0 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ P_1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ P_2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ P_2 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$	[3]
$k_s = (0.8, 0.8, 0.8)$		$V_{L} =  -2 $	$P_V = \begin{vmatrix} 2 \end{vmatrix}$
$\alpha = 12$		<b>9</b>	[7]

- (a) Describe in words the general appearance according to Phong's reflection model, of a surface with the given material parameters and other other circumstances given above. (0.1)
- (b) Let *P* be the point which has the barycentric coordinates [0.5, 0.2, 0.3] with respect to the vertices of the triangle. Use Phong's reflection model to determine the reflection from *P*. (0.4)
- (c) Determine the reflection from the same point according to Blinn-Phong's reflection model. (0.2)
- (d) Describe in words how the appearance with this reflection model is different from the one described in (a). (0.3)

## THE END!