Guidelines for Project in EDA075 Mobile Computer Graphics

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Abstract

In this paper, we describe the two types of projects that can be done in the course EDA075 Mobile Computer Graphics at the Department of Computer Science, Lund University. In order to pass this part of the course, the requirements for each type of project are described, and as well the rules for those of you who wish to participate in the competition. The project need also be documented, and you should use the style used in this very paper for that, so there is a section on formatting as well.

1 Introduction

As part of the course EDA075, each group of two1 students need to create a project as well. There are two types of projects:

• iPhone application based on the RenderChimp framework, or
• Graphics hardware optimization (GHO)

The project is (unofficially) worth 3 points, and so you should spend $2 \times 2 = 4$ weeks on this.

Any group who wants can participate in one of two separate competitions. There is one competition for each type of project.

2 iPhone Project

In this type of project, you have a lot of freedom. You need to write an application using the RenderChimp framework, which is either cool, beautiful, interesting, useful, fun to use, or a combination of all of the above. Examples of applications may include:

• game
• screensaver
• 3D GUI for mobile platforms
• useful tool
• something completely different

Remember though that as a group of two, you need to spend 4 weeks on this. This obviously means that if you decide to make a screen saver, it should be very challenging, otherwise, you will not pass.

The performance of your iPhone application is not the most important thing for the project. If you do optimize for performance, that is a good thing (especially for the competition).

You can use the code from Assignment 1 when you start with this type of project.

2.1 Who wins the iPhone-competition?

A jury will decide at the last lecture (2009-12-08, 10:00-12:00).

The deadline is at 12:00 on the 5th of December, 2009, i.e., the friday before the last lecture. The report and code should be delivered by then. However, note that modifications to the code can be done after that (in order to further impress the jury).

3 Graphics Hardware Optimization (GHO) Project

If you choose to do this project, you will have to use the software framework that we have provided. The task description is simple: given 3072 bytes of on-chip memory, implement whichever “hardware”-algorithms (in software) you wish in order to reduce the total amount of bandwidth usage to external memory. As you have seen in Assignment 2, a texture cache can be implemented in order to reduce bandwidth related to texturing. In the lectures, other techniques have been described for reducing bandwidth usage.

It is your task to implement the techniques that you think will reduce the total amount of used memory bandwidth the most. Here is your chance to be clever, invent new algorithms, or new combinations of algorithms, and reduce memory bandwidth usage to levels never reached before. You also have a chance to analyze the amount of bandwidth in the given animated scene, and determine which part of the pipeline you want to target first.

The screen resolution must be QVGA, i.e., 320×240 pixels. The image quality does not need to be exactly the same as in the reference implementation, but it should be very similar. If you doubt whether a particular approximation is reasonable, stop by and talk to us about that.

All accesses in cached memory (3072 bytes) are assumed to be for free. The rest of the memory accesses must be counted. Obviously, there are simple ways to cheat here, but the your code will be checked after the project deadline, so we will discover it sooner or later. So, be honest when counting memory accesses. When in doubt, come and ask Michael Doggett or Magnus Andersson.

The animated scene, which you need to measure bandwidth usage for, will be given to you by the course leader.

3.1 Who wins the GHO-competition?

The group that uses the smallest amount of accesses to external (off-chip) memory (measured in bytes).

Deadline is at 12:00 on the 5th of December, 2009, i.e., the friday before the last lecture. The report and code should be delivered by then.

4 Written Report

The typesetting for this paper was done using pdflATEX. It is recommended that you use this as well, and therefore the “source files” for this very document is available on the course website. If you are not familiar with pdflATEX, then you may use whatever other word
processing program you like, as long as you mimic the general style in this paper (i.e., you paper should look similar to this paper).

The source files consists of two style files: `acmsiggraph.bst` and `acmsiggraph.cls`, and these should be placed in the directory as the files `project.tex` and `project.bib`. There is also a PNG image called `lugg.png` that is shown later in this paper. It is in `project.tex`, where you should delete this document's text, and instead write your own text.

You should write your report as a scientific paper. It should have (at least) the following sections:

- **Abstract** [brief summary of key results]
- **Introduction** [why do what we did? motivation]
- **Algorithms or Application** [description of what you did, what algorithms you implemented]
- **Results** [e.g., performance, screenshots, usefulness etc]
- **Discussion** [what did not work, what worked well, what can be improved, optimizations you tried, how could we improve graphics hardware in mobile phones]
- **Conclusion** [any concluding remarks – skip if you do not have anything to say in addition to what you've already said]

Some groups may not have enough important material to write a "Discussion"-section, and in such cases, that section can be omitted. Also, look at scientific papers, e.g., [?; ?; ?; ?], and try to follow their general style. When in doubt, come and ask us. If you need references not found in the file `project.bib`, simply add your reference to that file. The report should be 2–4 pages long.

You can include screenshots as PNGs or illustrations in the PDF format. An example is shown in Figure 1. See the source file `project.tex` for how this is done in \LaTeX.

5 Conclusion

Make a great project. You’re clever. Surprise us (and the jury)!

References

