F Assembler Cheat Sheet

General-purpose registers: RAX, RBX, RCX, RDX, RSI, RDI, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, R15.

Operands: $\mathbf{r} = \text{register}, \, \mathbf{m} = \text{memory location}, \, \mathbf{im} = \text{immediate}.$

Operand	Type	What it means
\$0	im	decimal 0
\$0x10	im	hexadecimal 10 (=16 decimal)
lbl	m	value stored at address of label 1b1
1b1+2	m	value stored at two bytes after label 1b1
\$1b1	im	address of label 1b1
\$(1b1+4)	im	address of label 1b1 plus 4
%rdx	\mathbf{r}	value stored in RDX
(%rax)	m	value at the address stored in RAX
8(%rbp)	m	value at eight bytes after the address stored in RBP
-3(%rax)	m	value at three bytes before the address stored in RAX

Instruction	Operands		Operation
< Mnemonic – Description >	src	dest	
ADD - Add	r/m/im	r/m	$dest \leftarrow dest + src$
AND – Bitwise logical AND	r/m/im	r/m	$dest \leftarrow AND(dest, src)$
CALL – Call procedure		r/m/im	push RIP , then $RIP \leftarrow dest$
CMP – Compare two operands	r/m/im	r/m	modify status flags similar to SUB
DEC – Decrement by 1		r/m	$dest \leftarrow dest - 1$
IDIV – Signed divide	r/m		signed divide $RDX : RAX$ by src
			$RAX \leftarrow quotient, RDX \leftarrow remainder$
IMUL – Signed multiply (2 op)	r/m/im	r	$dest \leftarrow dest * src$
IMUL – Signed multiply (1 op)	r/m		$RDX: RAX \leftarrow RAX * src$
INC – Increment by 1		r/m	$dest \leftarrow dest + 1$
Jcc – Jump if condition is met		m/im	conditionally $RIP \leftarrow dest$
JMP – Unconditional jump		m/im	$RIP \leftarrow dest$
LEA – Load effective address	m	r	$dest \leftarrow addressOf(src)$
MOV - Move	r/m/im	r/m	$dest \leftarrow src$
NEG – Two's Complement negation		r/m	$dest \leftarrow -dest$
NOT – One's Complement negation		r/m	$dest \leftarrow NOT(dest)$
OR – Bitwise logical OR	r/m/im	r/m	$dest \leftarrow OR(dest, src)$
POP – Pop value off the stack		r/m	$dest \leftarrow POP(stack)$
PUSH – Push value on the stack	r/m/im		PUSH(stack, src)
RET – Return from procedure			restore RIP by popping the stack
SUB - Subtract	r/m/im	r/m	$dest \leftarrow dest - src$
SYSCALL – System Call			invoke OS kernel

Operand size suffix: $\mathbf{b}=1$ byte, $\mathbf{w}=2$ bytes, $\mathbf{l}=4$ bytes, $\mathbf{q}=8$ bytes.

Use instruction mnemonic + suffix to get the instruction name. For example: negq, movq, movl.

Conditional jumps:

Instruction	Description
JE	Jump if equal
JNE	Jump if not equal
JG	Jump if greater than
JGE	Jump if greater than or equal
JL	Jump if less than
JLE	Jump if less than or equal

Conditional jump example:

cmp op1, op2

jge lbl # jump to lbl if op2 >= op1