

Solutions, C++ Programming Examination

2010–03–11

1. a) Dynamic objects are created in `insert`, but they are never deleted. They must be deleted in the destructor:

```
~NameList() {
    for (list_type::iterator it = names.begin(); it != names.end(); ++it) {
        delete *it;
    }
}
```

- b) The parameter `nl` is called by value but the class doesn't have a copy constructor that copies what the pointers point to. Solution: 1) use call by reference (`const NameList& nl`), or 2) write a copy constructor.
- c) In `printSorted` `*it` is printed, but `*it` is a pointer, not a string. Solution: `cout << **it`.
- d) The class `set` sorts according to the values of the set, and these are pointers. Solution: write a functor that specifies the sorting order, and use it when the set is defined:

```
struct StringPtrLess {
    bool operator()(const std::string* ps1, const std::string* ps2) const {
        return *ps1 < *ps2;
    }
};
typedef std::set<std::string*, StringPtrLess> list_type;
```

- e) The output operator must be overloaded:

```
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const NameList& nl) {
    for (NameList::list_type::const_iterator it = nl.names.begin();
         it != nl.names.end(); ++it) {
        os << **it << endl;
    }
    return os;
}
```

The operator function must be specified as `friend` in `NameList`:

```
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const NameList& nl);
```

2. `void Index::build(const vector<docname>& doclist)` {
- ```
for (size_t i = 0; i != doclist.size(); ++i) {
 ifstream in(doclist[i].c_str());
 string word;
 while (in >> word) {
 index[word].insert(doclist[i]);
 }
}
```

```

void Index::write(ostream& out) const {
 for (index_type::const_iterator it = index.begin(); it != index.end(); ++it) {
 out << it->first;
 const docset& ds = it->second;
 for (docset::const_iterator it2 = ds.begin(); it2 != ds.end(); ++it2) {
 out << " " << *it2;
 }
 out << endl;
 }
}

void Index::read(istream& in) {
 string line;
 while (getline(in, line)) {
 istringstream is(line);
 string word;
 is >> word;
 docset ds;
 docname doc;
 while (is >> doc) {
 ds.insert(doc);
 }
 index.insert(make_pair(word, ds));
 }
}

Index::docset Index::search(const vector<string>& wordlist) const {
 docset result;
 for (size_t i = 0; i != wordlist.size(); ++i) {
 index_type::const_iterator it = index.find(wordlist[i]);
 if (it != index.end()) {
 const docset& r = it->second;
 if (i == 0) {
 result = r;
 } else {
 docset tmp;
 set_intersection(r.begin(), r.end(), result.begin(), result.end(),
 inserter(tmp, tmp.begin()));
 result.swap(tmp);
 }
 } else {
 return docset();
 }
 }
 return result;
}

3. int main(int argc, char** argv) {
 if (argc != 2) {
 cerr << "Usage: parse filename" << endl;
 exit(1);
 }
 ifstream in(argv[1]);
 if (!in) {
 cerr << "Cannot open: " << argv[1] << endl;
 exit(1);
 }
 XMLParser parser(in);
 try {
 parser.parse();
 }
}

```

```
 cout << "Wellformed XML" << endl;
 } catch (parse_error) {
 cout << "Syntax error" << endl;
 }
}

void XMLParser::parse() throw(parse_error) {
 stack<Tag> tags;
 int nbr_nodes = 0;
 Tag tag = get_tag();
 while (! in.eof()) {
 if (tag.kind == Tag::open) {
 if (tags.empty()) {
 ++nbr_nodes;
 }
 tags.push(tag);
 } else {
 if (tags.empty()) {
 throw parse_error();
 }
 Tag compare = tags.top();
 if (compare.text != tag.text) {
 throw parse_error();
 }
 tags.pop();
 }
 tag = get_tag();
 }
 if (! tags.empty()) {
 throw parse_error();
 }
 if (nbr_nodes != 1) {
 throw parse_error();
 }
}
```