

Problems

These problems will be discussed on seminar in week 3.

1 Let

$$\begin{aligned} K &\triangleq \lambda x.\lambda y.x \\ S &\triangleq \lambda x.\lambda y.\lambda z.xz(yz) \\ X &\triangleq \lambda t.t K S K \end{aligned}$$

Show that $X (X X) = S$.

2 Find a combinator M such that $M I S S = M$. Hint: Rewrite the equation as a fixed point equation.

3 When there are repeated abstractions $\lambda x.\lambda y.\lambda z.M$ we may use the abbreviation $\lambda xyz.M$

Let

$$\begin{aligned} A &\triangleq \lambda abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzr.r(\text{thisisafixedpointcombinator}) \\ B &\triangleq A \end{aligned}$$

Show that B is a fixed point combinator, i.e. $BF = F(BF)$ for any F .

4 (Exercise 3.4) We shall extend **While** with the statement `random(x)` and the idea is that its execution will change the value of x to be any positive natural number. Extend the natural semantics and the structural operational semantics to express this. Discuss whether this statement is superfluous when **While** is also extended with the `or` statement.

5 (Exercise 3.5) Consider an extension of **While** that in addition to the `par` statement also contains the construct `protect S end`. The idea is that the statement S has to be executed as an atomic entity so that, for example, `x:=1 par protect (x:=2; x:=x+2) end` only has two possible outcomes, **1** and **4**. Extend the structural operational semantics to express this.

6 (Exercise 3.15) Modify the syntax of **While** with blocks and procedures so that procedures take two *call by value* parameters, i.e. the kind of parameters used by Java for the primitive types.

$$\begin{aligned} D_P &::= \text{proc } p(x_1, x_2) \text{ is } S; D_P \mid \epsilon \\ S &::= \dots \mid \text{call } p(a_1, a_2) \end{aligned}$$

Procedure environments will now be elements of

$$\mathbf{Env}_P = \mathbf{Pname} \leftrightarrow (\mathbf{Var} \times \mathbf{Var} \times \mathbf{Stm} \times \mathbf{Env}_V \times \mathbf{Env}_P)$$

Use static name scopes. You may assume that procedures are not recursive. You have to provide new rules for procedure declarations and procedure calls.

7 Consider replacing the first rule in Table 3.2 with

$$\frac{\langle D_V, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_D \sigma'}{\langle \text{var } x := a; D_V, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow_D \sigma' [x \mapsto \mathcal{A}[a]\sigma]}$$

Would this change the semantics? Either prove that it doesn't or exhibit an example where the semantics differ.