

			Grammar for instructions
F11	A compiler for <b>While</b>		$\text{inst} ::= \text{PUSH } n \mid \text{ADD} \mid \text{MULT} \mid \text{SUB} \mid \text{TRUE} \mid \text{FALSE}$ $\text{inst} ::= \text{EQ} \mid \text{LE} \mid \text{AND} \mid \text{NEG} \mid \text{FETCH } x \mid \text{STORE } x$ $\text{inst} ::= \text{NOOP} \mid \text{BRANCH}(c, c) \mid \text{LOOP}(c, c)$ $c ::= \epsilon \mid \text{inst} : c$
Lennart Andersson		F11-1	Programming Language Theory 2009
Revision 2009-04-22	2009	F11-2	Programming Language Theory 2009
Abstract machine configuration			Abstract machine transition
$\langle c, e, \sigma \rangle \in \text{Code} \times \text{Stack} \times \text{State}$ $\text{Code} = \text{Inst}^*$ $\text{Stack} = (\mathbb{Z} \cup \mathbb{B})^*$ $\text{State} = \text{Var} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$			$\langle c, e, \sigma \rangle \triangleright \langle c', e', \sigma' \rangle$
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## Operational semantics

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \langle PUSH - n : c, e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, \mathcal{N}[\![n]\!] : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle ADD : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 + z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle MULT : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 * z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle SUB : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 - z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle TRUE : c, e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, \text{tt} : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle FALSE : c, e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, \text{ff} : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle EQ : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 = z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle LE : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 \leq z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \end{array}$$

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## Execution function

$$\mathcal{M}[\![c]\!]\sigma = \begin{cases} \sigma' & \text{if } \langle c, \epsilon, \sigma \rangle \triangleright^* \langle \epsilon, e, \sigma' \rangle \\ \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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## Operational semantics

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \langle AND : c, b_1 : b_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (b_1 \wedge b_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle NEG : c, b : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (\neg b) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle FETCH - x : c, e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (\sigma x) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle STORE - x : c, z : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, e, \sigma[x \mapsto z] \rangle \\ \langle SUB : c, z_1 : z_2 : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, (z_1 - z_2) : e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle NOOP : c, e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c, e, \sigma \rangle \\ \langle BRANCH(c_1, c_2) : c, b : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c_1 : c, e, \sigma \rangle \text{ if } b = \text{tt} \\ \langle BRANCH(c_1, c_2) : c, b : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \langle c_2 : c, e, \sigma \rangle \text{ if } b = \text{ff} \\ \langle LOOP(c_1, c_2) : c, b : e, \sigma \rangle & \triangleright & \\ & & \langle c_1 : BRANCH(c_2 : LOOP(c_1, c_2), NOOP) : c, e, \sigma \rangle \end{array}$$

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## Compiler types

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{CA} &\in Aexp \rightarrow Code \\ \mathcal{CB} &\in Bexp \rightarrow Code \\ \mathcal{CS} &\in Stm \rightarrow Code \end{aligned}$$

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## $\mathcal{CA}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{CA}[\![n]\!] &= PUSH - n \\
 \mathcal{CA}[\![x]\!] &= FETCH - x \\
 \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1 + a_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a_2]\!]: \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1]\!]: ADD \\
 \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1 * a_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a_2]\!]: \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1]\!]: MULT \\
 \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1 - a_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a_2]\!]: \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1]\!]: SUB
 \end{aligned}$$

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## $\mathcal{CB}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{CB}[\![\text{true}]\!] &= \text{TRUE} \\
 \mathcal{CB}[\![\text{false}]\!] &= \text{FALSE} \\
 \mathcal{CB}[\![a_1 = a_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a_2]\!]: \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1]\!]: EQ \\
 \mathcal{CB}[\![a_1 \leq a_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a_2]\!]: \mathcal{CA}[\![a_1]\!]: LE \\
 \mathcal{CB}[\![b_1 \wedge b_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CB}[\![b_2]\!]: \mathcal{CB}[\![b_1]\!]: AND \\
 \mathcal{CB}[\![\neg b]\!] &= \mathcal{CB}[\![b]\!]: NEG
 \end{aligned}$$

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## $\mathcal{CS}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{CS}[\![\text{skip}]\!] &= NOOP \\
 \mathcal{CS}[\![x := a]\!] &= \mathcal{CA}[\![a]\!]: STORE - x \\
 \mathcal{CS}[\![S_1; S_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CS}[\![S_1]\!]: \mathcal{CS}[\![S_2]\!]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{CS}[\![\text{if } b \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2]\!] &= \mathcal{CB}[\![b]\!]: BRANCH(\mathcal{CS}[\![S_1]\!], \mathcal{CS}[\![S_2]\!]) \\
 \mathcal{CS}[\![\text{while } b \text{ do } S]\!] &= LOOP(\mathcal{CB}[\![b]\!], \mathcal{CS}[\![S]\!])
 \end{aligned}$$

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## Semantic function

$$\mathcal{S}_{am} \in Stm \rightarrow (State \hookrightarrow State)$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{am}[\![S]\!]\sigma = \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{CS}[\![S]\!])\sigma$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{am}[\![S]\!] = \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{CS}[\![S]\!])$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{am} = \mathcal{M} \circ \mathcal{CS}$$

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## Correctness

**Theorem.**

$$\mathcal{S}_{ns} = \mathcal{S}_{am}$$

■

## Proof

By

**Lemma.**  $\langle \mathcal{CA}\llbracket a \rrbracket, \epsilon, \sigma \rangle \triangleright^* \langle \epsilon, \mathcal{A}\llbracket a \rrbracket \sigma, \sigma \rangle$  ■

**Lemma.**  $\langle \mathcal{CB}\llbracket b \rrbracket, \epsilon, \sigma \rangle \triangleright^* \langle \epsilon, \mathcal{B}\llbracket b \rrbracket \sigma, \sigma \rangle$  ■

**Lemma.** If  $\langle S, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'$  then  $\langle \mathcal{CS}\llbracket S \rrbracket, \epsilon, \sigma \rangle \triangleright^* \langle \epsilon, \epsilon, \sigma' \rangle$

■

**Lemma.** If  $\langle \mathcal{CS}\llbracket S \rrbracket, \epsilon, \sigma \rangle \triangleright^k \langle \epsilon, e, \sigma' \rangle$  then  $\langle S, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'$  and  $e = \epsilon$  ■