

EDAF65 HTTP

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Covers: Chapter 6, *Java Network Programming*, 4rd ed., Elliotte Rusty Harold



Client and Server Communications Using HTTP

The communication between a server and a client in its simplest form starts with a TCP connection from the client to port 80.

Then we have the exchange:

- The client sends a request
- The server sends a response.

Both request and response messages feature a header that consists of parameter-value pairs

In addition:

- The request consists of a command word (HTTP method) to identify the request, parameters, and possibly other data.
- The response consists of a response code and objects to be displayed or rendered by the client



HTTP Request

The request behind the URL `http://cs.lth.se/pierre_nugues` consists of:

- 1 HTTP method, URL, version
`GET /pierre_nugues HTTP/1.1`
- 2 Sequence of parameter names (46 types) followed by ':' and values – pairs Name: Value
`Accept: text/plain`
`...`
`Host: cs.lth.se #Mandatory`
`User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0`
- 3 Empty line: `\r\n`
- 4 Possibly a message body (data) whose size is given by the Content-Length attribute

RFC 2616 (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>)



HTTP Response

Servers send a response: header followed by data

- 1 Protocol, status code, textual phrase

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```

- 2 Sequence of parameter names followed by ':' and values

```
Date: Wed, 28 Mar 2007 12:12:54 GMT
```

```
Server: Apache/2.0.52 (sparc-sun-solaris2.8)
```

```
...
```

```
Connection: close
```

- 3 Empty line: `\r\n`

- 4 Data

```
<html>
```

```
...
```

```
</html>
```



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Sök på lth.se

The screenshot shows the Firefox Developer Tools interface with the Network tab selected. A list of network requests is visible on the left, with the first request (GET /) selected. The right-hand pane displays the details for this request, including the URL, method, status, and response headers.

✓	Méthode	Fichier	Domaine	En-têtes	Cookies	Paramètres	Réponse	Délais	Aperçu
● 200	GET	/	cs.lth.se	URL de la requête: http://cs.lth.se/ Méthode de la requête: GET Code de statut: ● 200 OK En-têtes de requête : Host: cs.lth.se User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.10; rv:38.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/38.0 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8 Accept-Language: fr,fr-FR;q=0.5 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate					
● 200	GET	stylesheet_65730c0d12.css?14229...	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	style.css?1399558625	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	style.css?1399558625	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	mm_forum.css?1399558625	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	grid_v2.css?1421754697	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	main_v2.css?1421754759	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	responsive.css?1427118908	cs.lth.se						
▲ 304	GET	flans_v2.css?1421754664	cs.lth.se						

En-têtes de réponse :
Cache-Control: max-age=84345
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Date: Tue, 07 Apr 2015 12:23:48 GMT
Etag: "06b1751aca59283afe36b2c2eafe970"
Expires: Wed, 08 Apr 2015 11:49:33 GMT
Keep-Alive: timeout=2, max=20
Last-Modified: Mon, 06 Apr 2015 11:55:47 GMT

HTTP Response Codes

A few response codes:

- 2xx: Success
- 3xx: Redirection
- 4xx: Client error
- 5xx: Server error

Code	Java	Code	Java
200 OK	HTTP_OK	201 Created	HTTP_CREATED
202 Accepted	HTTP_ACCEPTED	204 No Content	HTTP_NO_CONTENT
301 Moved Permanently	HTTP_MOVED_PERM	301 Moved Temporarily	HTTP_MOVED_TEMP
400 Bad Request	HTTP_BAD_REQUEST	401 Unauthorized	HTTP_UNAUTHORIZED
500 Internal Server Error	HTTP_SERVER_ERROR	502 Bad Gateway	HTTP_BAD_GATEWAY



Parameter: Connection: keep-alive

- HTTP 1.0: A new connection for each request
- HTTP 1.1: Possibility to reuse an existing TCP socket with Connection: keep-alive
- Connection: keep-alive means that the client is willing to keep the same socket



Cookies

A cookie is a small piece of information sent by the server and saved by the client

The client will send the cookie back to the server in subsequent accesses

A way to:

- Store server information on the client
- Spy the clients

To set a cookie, the server sends:

```
Set-Cookie: fe_typo_user=4ca926632655c2ecb1a12c66eee5ad8f;  
path=/  

```

When the client accesses the same server, it sends:

```
Cookie: fe_typo_user=4ca926632655c2ecb1a12c66eee5ad8f
```



Cookie Properties

A cookie has a name and a value.

Some properties:

- domain
- path
- expires
- connection type: http, secure.



Getting Data from a Server

In its simplest form, the client does not send data

It just requests the content of the URL file

For HTTP, the corresponding methods are GET or POST.

The method is sent automatically by the URL class and is hidden to the programmer.

We will review the steps to get data from simple to more complex

The URL class uses GET by default, hides the header details, and receives data



Client Methods

The client uses eight possible “methods”:

- GET: retrieves information identified by the Request-URI
- POST: sends data to the identified resource
- PUT: stores the resource identified by the Request-URI
- DELETE: deletes the resource identified by the Request-URI
- HEAD. Same as GET but returns a response consisting of headers (without a message body)
- OPTIONS: returns the methods supported by the server
- TRACE: sends back the header to the client.
- CONNECT: reserved name to connect to a TCP/IP tunnel

HTTP servers must implement at least GET and HEAD.




An Elementary Form

A text box:

Radio buttons:

- ☒ FM
- ☐ LW
- ☐ SW

A drop-down list:



```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
      charset=UTF-8"/>
    <title>Testing HTML forms</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>An Elementary Form</h1>
    <form action="http://localhost:25001/program.sh"
      method="post">
      <p>A text box: <input type="text" name="name" value=""
        size="30"/></p>
      <hr/>
```



```
<p>Radio buttons:</p>
<ul>
  <li><input type="radio" name="buttons" value="FM"
    checked="checked"/>FM</li>
  <li><input type="radio" name="buttons" value="LW"/>
    LW
</li>
  <li><input type="radio" name="buttons" value="SW"/>
    SW
</li>
</ul>
```



HTML Code

```
<p>A drop-down list:</p>
<p>
  <select name="dropdown">
    <option selected="selected">Low</option>
    <option>Medium</option>
    <option>High</option>
  </select>
</p>
<hr/>
<p>
  <input type="submit" value="Send!"/>
  <input type="reset" value="Cancel"/>
</p>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```



HTTP Request with POST

To send data to URL `http://cs.lth.se/pierre_nugues/prog.sh`, the request consists of:

- 1 HTTP method, URL, version

`POST /pierre_nugues/prog.sh HTTP/1.0`

- 2 Sequence of parameter names (46 types) followed by ':' and values – pairs Name: Value

`Accept: text/plain`

`...`

`Host: cs.lth.se`

`User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0`

- 3 Empty line: `\r\n`

- 4 Data length should match the Content-Length parameter

RFC 2616 (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>)



An Example of HTTP Request with POST

POST /program.sh HTTP/1.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10_5_6;

AppleWebKit/528.16 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0

Safari/528.16

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Accept: application/xml,application/xhtml+xml,text/html;q=0.9,

text/plain;q=0.8,image/png,*/*;q=0.5

Origin: file://

Accept-Language: fr-fr

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Content-Length: 36

Connection: keep-alive

Host: localhost:25001

name=My+text&buttons=FM&dropdown=Low



An Example of HTTP Request with GET

URL: `http://localhost:25001/program.sh?name=My+text&buttons=FM&dropdown=Low`

`GET /program.sh?name=My+text&buttons=FM&dropdown=Low HTTP/1.1`

`User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10_5_6; fr-fr) AppleWebKit/528.16 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Safari/528.16`

`Accept: application/xml,application/xhtml+xml,text/html;q=0.9;text/plain;q=0.8,image/png,*/*;q=0.5`

`Accept-Language: fr-fr`

`Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate`

`Connection: keep-alive`

`Host: localhost:25001`



Sending Data to a Server: A Real Example with GET

Using GET:

`http://control.lth.se/?mact=Search%2Ccntnt01%2Cdosearch%2C0&cntnt01returnid=56&cntnt01searchinput=Nugues&submit=Submit`

`GET /?mact=Search%2Ccntnt01%2Cdosearch%2C0
&cntnt01returnid=56&cntnt01searchinput=Nugues&
submit=Submit HTTP/1.1`

`Host: control.lth.se`

`User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.9; rv:29`

`Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9`

`Accept-Language: fr,fr-fr;q=0.8,en-us;q=0.5,en;q=0.3`

`Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate`

`DNT: 1`

`Referer: http://control.lth.se/`

`Cookie: CMSSESSIDafa92467=qfhf9a02nekjn5tc9q69gof0n0`

`Connection: keep-alive`



Sending Data to a Server: A Real Example with POST

Using POST:

`http://cs.lth.se/sok/`

`POST /sok/ HTTP/1.1`

`Host: cs.lth.se`

`User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.9; rv:29.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/29.0`

`Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;
q=0.8`

`Accept-Language: fr,fr-fr;q=0.8,en-us;q=0.5,en;q=0.3`

`Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate`

`DNT: 1`

`Referer: http://cs.lth.se/`

`Cookie: fe_typo_user=d9c25aba11b4cdca162da148b69d3511`

`Connection: keep-alive`

`Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded`

`Content-Length: 45`

`s=1&so=1&i=sv&category=cs&q=Nugues&x=S%C3%B6k`

