Akka Java Documentation

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Release 2.2.3

Terminology, Concepts

Concurrency vs. Parallelism
Asynchronous vs. Synchronous
Non-blocking vs. Blocking
Deadlock vs. Starvation vs. Live-lock
Race Condition

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Wait-freedom
public void wait_free_method ()
{ // Every call takes
// finite number of steps
--> Never blocking (No deadlocks)
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• Obstruction-freedom

public void obstruction_free_method ()
{ // If at some point in time
 // it executes in isolation
 // (others become suspended)

Supervision and Monitoring

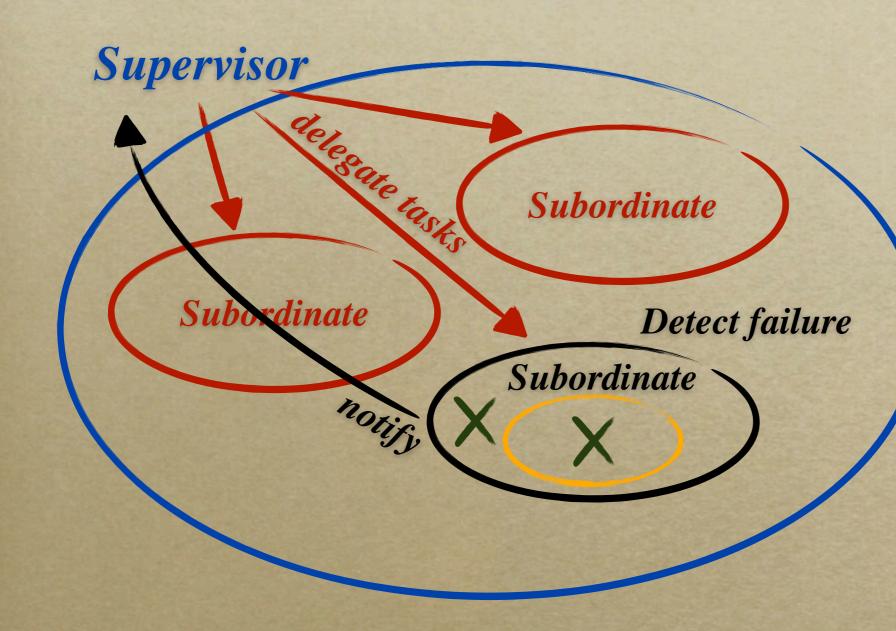
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Supervisor delesate lasks Subordinate Subordinate Subordinate

Supervision and Monitoring

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Options

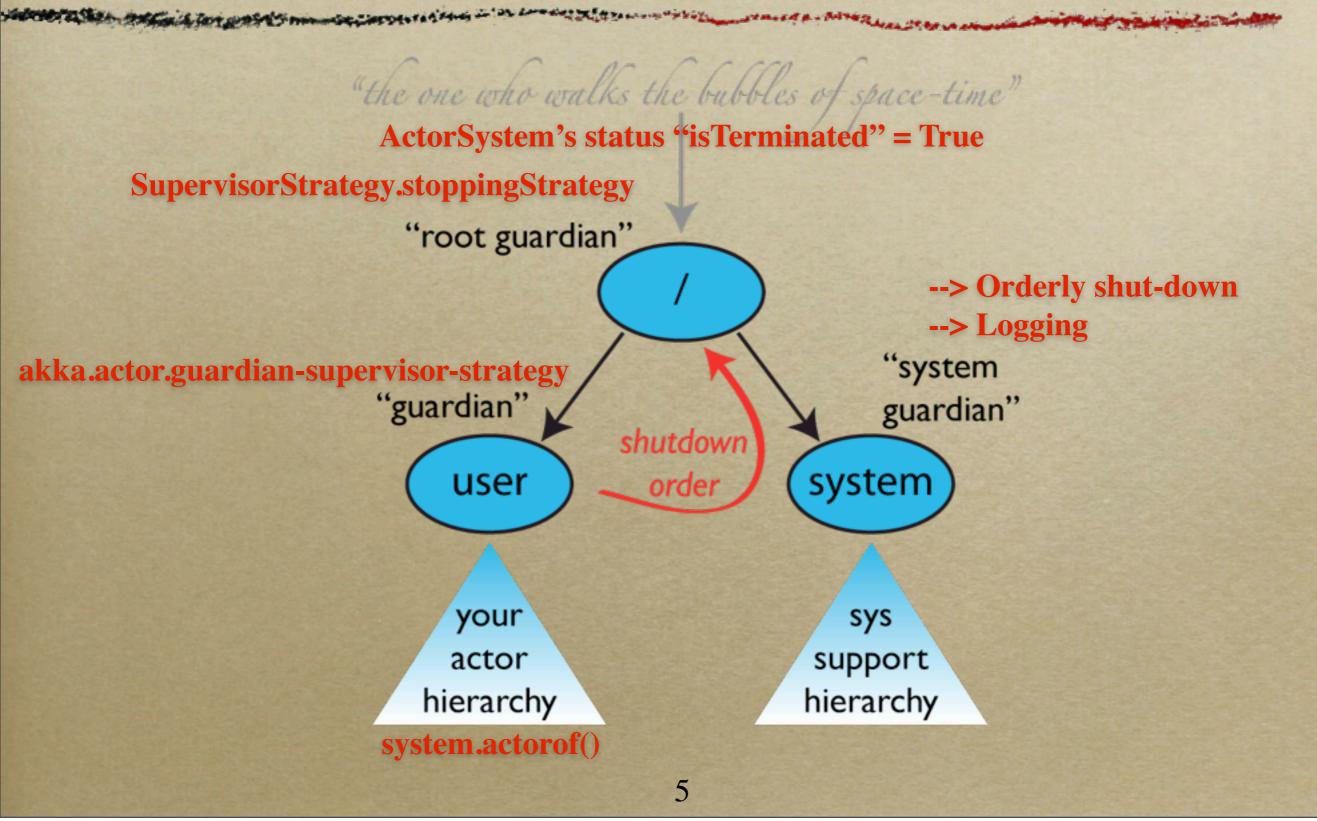
1. Resume the subordinate, keeping its accumulated internal state

2. Restart the subordinate, clearing out its accumulated internal state

3. Terminate the subordinate permanently

4. Escalate the failure, thereby failing itself

Top-Level Supervisors



Restarting (1)

Causes of Actor's Failure

Programming error for the specific message received

States & Ton 100515

Failure of some external resource used during processing the message

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Corrupt internal state of actor

Restarting (2)

Suspend the actor, and recursively suspend all children Call the preRestart hook -- Termination request to all children and calling postStop Using context.stop() wait for all children which were requested to terminate

Send restart request to all children which were not killed before Invoke postRestart (also calls preStart by default)

Create new actor instance

Resume the actor

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Lifecycle Monitoring (DeathWatch)

- Each actor may monitor any other actor
 - Useful in the cases when supervisors have to terminate the children
 - Restarts are not visible outside the affected supervisors
 - Transition from Alive to Dead can be only monitored using Terminated message
 - ActorContext.watch(targetActorRef)
 - ActorContext.unwatch(targetActorRef)

Message Delivery (1)

General Rules

at-most-once delivery

no guaranteed delivery

- at-most-once -- cheapest highest performance, least implementation overhead
- at-least-once -- acknowledgement
- exactly-once -- most expensive worst performance

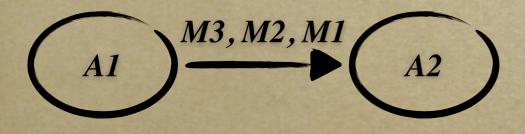
Message Delivery (2)

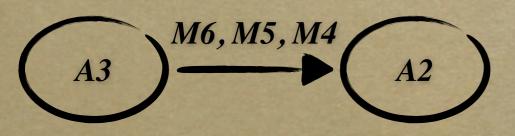
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General Rules

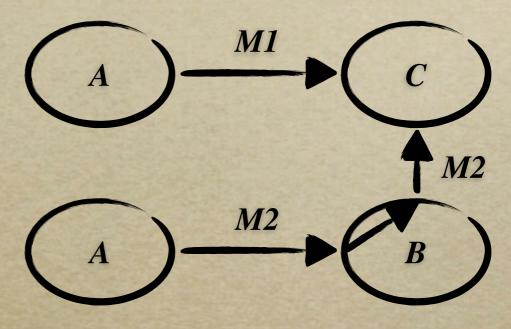
message ordering per sender-receiver pair

in-order delivery

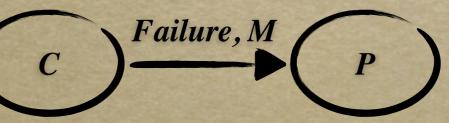




this rule is not transitive



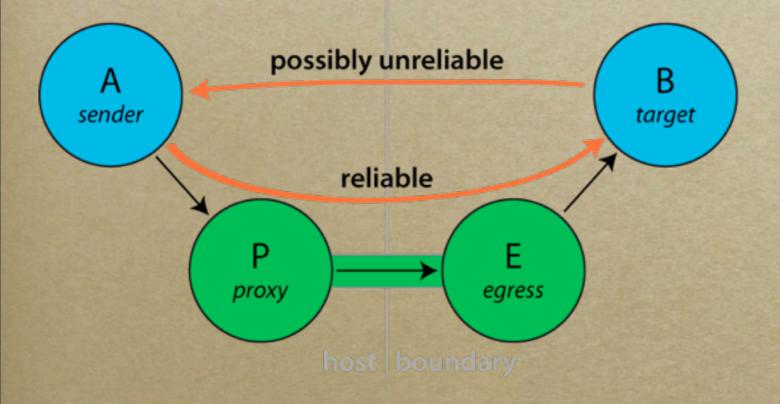
any order



Guaranteed Delivery

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ACK-RETRY Ptotocol



A way to identify individual messages to correlate message with acknowledgement

A retry mechanism which will resend messages if not acknowledged in time

A way for the receiver to detect and discard duplicates

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Mailbox with Explicit Acknowledgement

```
Adaption in the Low dist in the reason with but
class MyActor extends Actor {
  def receive = {
    case msg \Rightarrow
      println(msg)
      doStuff(msg) // may fail
      PeekMailboxExtension.ack()
  }
  // business logic elided ...
}
object MyApp extends App {
  val system = ActorSystem("MySystem", ConfigFactory.parseString("""
    peek-dispatcher {
      mailbox-type = "akka.contrib.mailbox.PeekMailboxType"
      max-tries = 2
    """))
  val myActor = system.actorOf(Props[MyActor].withDispatcher("peek-dispatcher"),
    name = "myActor")
 myActor ! "Hello"
 myActor ! "World"
 myActor ! PoisonPill
1
```

Actors, STM and the Java Memory Model

• The actor send rule:

• The actor subsequent processing rule:

• The transactional reference rule:

